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CE Editor: Dr. Allen Moffitt

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**LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

After completing this course, the participant will have:

1. An understanding of the alveolar bone support in men and women between arches with mild vs severe dental irregularity.
2. A familiarity with the difficulty in evaluation and analysis of growth in stature and facial growth of Class III patients compared with the general population.
3. An awareness of the use of insulin-like growth factor I as an indicator of maturation.
4. A knowledge of the influence of bisphosphonates on orthodontic treatment outcomes and treatment length.

**Article 1: Mandibular anterior bony support and incisor crowding: Is there a relationship?, by Tancan Uysal et al**

1. The aim of this study was to test the hypothesis that increased irregularity of the mandibular incisors is associated with a reduction in the alveolar support on cone-beam computed tomographic sections.
  - a. True
  - b. False
2. The range of ages for the 125 subjects in the study was 8.5 to 67.3 years.
  - a. True
  - b. False
3. The authors observed that the male subjects with mild crowding had higher values for cancellous bone height and vestibular cancellous bone thickness than did those with severe crowding.
  - a. True
  - b. False
4. Except for the vestibular part of cancellous bone thickness, all mandibular incisor bone measurements were greater in males than in females.
  - a. True
  - b. False

**Article 2: Do Class III patients have a different growth spurt than the general population?, by Yun-Sik Lee et al**

5. The purpose of this study was to determine whether there are any significant differences in the stature growth parameters of Class III subjects compared with non-Class III subjects and the general population.
  - a. True
  - b. False

6. The 55 Class III patients in this study were not considered severe enough to eventually need surgical treatment.
  - a. True
  - b. False
7. The authors reported that the subjects with Class III prognathism did not have different growth parameters than the Class III subjects or the general population.
  - a. True
  - b. False
8. The authors stated that this study did not allow meaningful conclusions with regard to the relationship of mandibular size and stature growth pattern.
  - a. True
  - b. False

**Article 3: Insulin-like growth factor I: A biologic maturation indicator, by Ramy Abdul Rahman Ishaq et al**

9. The purpose of the study was to evaluate the applicability of IGF-I blood level as a maturation indicator by correlating it to the hand-wrist maturation indicator.
  - a. True
  - b. False
10. The study was conducted with 40 boys (10-18 years of age) and 80 girls (8-16 years of age).
  - a. True
  - b. False
11. The authors reported that girls had their highest value of IGF-I during stage 3 of the cervical vertebral maturation index.
  - a. True
  - b. False
12. The authors concluded that IGF-I mean values can be used as a reliable maturation indicator technique that is comparable with the cervical vertebral maturation index.
  - a. True
  - b. False



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